PHILADELPHIA OST STAFF COMPETENCIES - RESEARCH REFERENCES

COMPETENCY 1: Activities, Content, and Curriculum	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands and integrates specific topics such as the arts, science, literacy, and sports	How or why does integrating diverse topics improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Practices to Foster in OST; Child Trends; page 1: www.childtrends.org/Files//Child_Trends-2010_01_28_RB_Practices2Foster.pdf Shared Features of High-Performing After-School Programs; Policy Studies; pages 5-6: www.sedl.org/pubs/fam107/fam107.pdf Essential Elements of Quality Afterschool Programs; National Dropout Prevention Center; page 7: www.dropoutprevention.org/pubs/pdfs/Essential_Elements_of_Quality_AfterSchool_Programs.pdf Quality of School-Age Child Care in After-School Settings; Little; page 4: http://www.researchconnections.org/childcare/resources/12576/pdf;jsessionid=E81E66D32D4E9B9E7CC109203A9BA92

COMPETENCY 2: Child And Adolescent Development And Empowerment	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands child development and developmental stages, and applies this knowledge to programs and participants	How or why does understanding and applying child development principles improve programs and/or benefit children?	Ways to Promote Positive Youth Development in Children and Youth, Child Trends; pages 3-4: www.childtrends.org/Files//Child Trends-2008 02 27 PositiveYouthDev.pdf A Different Kind of Child Development Institution; Halpern; page 202; www.temescalassociates.com/documents/resources/general/HxAfterschool.pdf
Indicator B. Understands teenagers, adolescents and positive youth development, and applies this knowledge to programs and participants	How or why does understanding and applying youth development principles improve programs and/or benefit children?	What Works for Older Youth; Child Trends; pages 2-3: www.childtrends.org/Files/Child_Trends-2010_03_09_FS_WWOlderYouth.pdf
Indicator C. Recognizes the importance of youth leadership and empowerment, and provides climates and activities that cultivate these attributes	How or why does understanding and cultivating youth leadership improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Decision-Making/Reasoning Skills; Building Partnerships for Youth; pages 2-3: cals-cf.calsnet.arizona.edu/fcs/bpy/content.cfm?content=decision_making Youth Governance: How and Why It Can Help OST Programs Involve Art-Risk Youth; www.childtrends.org/Files/Child_Trends-2008_06_18_YouthGovernance.pdf Elements of Youth Development Defined; Building Partnerships for Youth; cals-cf.calsnet.arizona.edu/fcs/bpy/content.cfm?content=elementsDefined 4H- Leadership

COMPETENCY 3: Caring Relationships And Behavior Guidance	Question	Research
Indicator A. Recognizes the importance of caring relationships between adults and children and youth	How or why does understanding and cultivating caring relationships improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Youth/Adult Partnerships: Building Partnerships for Youth; pages 1-2: http://cals-cf.calsnet.arizona.edu/fcs/bpy/content.cfm?content=YApartners Elements of Effective Programs; Center for After School Education; page 1: www.afterschooled.org/quality_building/elements.php Promoting Youth-Adult Collaboration; International Youth Foundation; page 2 and page 5-6: http://www.youthactionnet.org/marketplace/usercontent/resources/fileresource_1218211582.pdf Connecting with Kids; LEARNS; pages 1-3: http://www.nationalserviceresources.org/files/legacy/filemanager/download/learns/winter07_tutor_revised_5-08.pdf
Indicator B. Develops and maintains supportive and respectful relationships with program participants		
Indicator B. Uses caring relationships to effectively guide and manage behavior	How or why does effective behavior management improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Quality Time After School; PPV; page 1: http://www.ppv.org/ppv/publications/assets/217_publication.pdf Assessing Peer Conflict and Aggressive Behavior; Child Trends, page 2: http://www.childtrends.org/Files//Child_Trends-2009_10_29_RB_AssessingPeer.pdf After School Programs Behavioral Issues Toolkit; YET; page 1: http://cyfar.cas.psu.edu/PDFs/Behavioral_Toolkit_YET.pdf

COMPETENCY 4: Health, Wellness, Safety, and Nutrition	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands the importance of physical and emotional wellbeing among children and youth		
Indicator B. Integrates strategies to address the physical and emotional growth of children and youth	How or why does promoting physical and emotional growth improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Solving the Problem of Childhood Obesity; White House Task Force; page 3: http://www.letsmove.gov/tfco_fullreport_may2010.pdf Changing Lives, Saving Lives, Healthy Behaviors Initiatives, page 12: http://www.ccscenter.org/afterschool/documents/StepByStep_Full_LR.pdf Quality of School-Age Child Care in After-School Settings; Little; page 4: http://www.researchconnections.org/childcare/resources/12576/pdf;jsessionid=E81E66D32D4E9B9E7CC109203A9BA92 C
Indicator C. Maintains a physically safe and stimulating environment	How or why does providing a safe environment improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	What Research Tells Us About Effective OST Programs; University of Wisconsin; page 1: http://whatworks.uwex.edu/attachment/factsheet 5truancy.pdf

COMPETENCY 5:	Question	Research
Cultural Competence and		
Inclusion		
Indicator A. Recognizes the importance	How or why does	Building After-School Systems for Diverse Populations; CBASS; page 1:
of an inclusive and diverse environment	understanding and	http://www.afterschoolsystems.org/section/strategies/initiative3
	embracing inclusion	Exploring Access and Equity in After-School Programs; FYI; page 1:
	and diversity improve	http://www.forumforyouthinvestment.org/files/OSTPC4.pdf
	programs and/or benefit	Afterschool and Students with Special Needs; Afterschool Alliance; page 2:
	children and youth?	http://www.afterschoolalliance.org/issue_briefs/issue_needs_1.pdf
		Afterschool Programs Level the Playing Field; Afterschool Alliance; page 2:
		http://www.afterschoolalliance.org/issue_briefs/issue_disadvantaged_17.pdf
		Putting it All Together; PPV; page 9: http://www.ppv.org/ppv/publications/assets/234_publication.pdf
Indicator B. Recognizes multiple		
examples of diversity, such as race,		
gender, and learning ability		
Indicator C. Understands and applies		
strategies to embrace difference and		
diversity		

COMPETENCY 6: Engaging Families, Schools, and Communities	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands the importance of partnerships and collaboration		
Indicator B. Uses strategies to connect and engage with families, schools, and communities	How or why does communicating effectively with families, schools, and communities improve programs and/or benefit children and youth?	Strengthen Connections Between After-School and After-School Learning; CBASS, page 1: http://www.afterschoolsystems.org/content/document/detail/1562/ What Works for Parent Involvement Programs for Children; Child Trends; page 1: http://www.childtrends.org/Files//Child Trends-2009 12 09 FS WWParentInvolveProg.pdf Essential Elements of Quality Afterschool Programs; National Dropout Prevention Center; page 13: www.dropoutprevention.org/pubs/pdfs/Essential Elements of Quality AfterSchool Programs.pdf All Together Now: Sharing Responsibility for Whole Child; Communities in Schools; pages 7-8: http://www.ascd.org/ASCD/pdf/sharingresponsibility.pdf Community Context; Child Trends; page 1: http://www.childtrends.org/Files/Child Trends- 2009 07 16 Pl ProgramsContext.pdf The Federal Role in Out-of-School Learning: After-School, Summer Learning, and Family Involvement as Critical Learning Supports; HFRP, page 2: http://www.hfrp.org/out-of-school-time/publications-resources/the-federal-role-in-out-of-school-learning-after-school-summer-learning-and-family-involvement-as-critical-learning-supports Partnerships for Learning: Promising Practices in Integrating School and OST Program Supports, HFRP, pages 4-5: http://www.hfrp.org/publications-resources/browse-our-publications/partnerships-for-learning-promising-practices-in-integrating-school-and-out-of-school-time-program-supports Impacts of Afterschool Programs and Parent involvement on Student Outcomes; SEDL, pages 4-5: http://www.sedl.org/pubs/sedl-letter/v20n02/afterschool impacts.html

COMPETENCY 7: Professionalism and Professional Development	Question	Research
Indicator A. Recognizes and accesses career pathways and aspirations	How or why does staff accessing career pathways improve programs and benefit children and youth?	The Human Services Workforce Initiative: Capturing Promising Practices; Cornerstone For Kids; page 3 and 7: http://www.cps.ca.gov/workforceplanning/documents/06.06 promising practices.pdf Clear Policies for Career Pathways: Lessons Learned; Next Generation Youth Work Coalition; page 3: http://www.proyouthworkamerica.org/publications/NextGen Lessons Learned.pdf
Indicator B. Understands the importance of and enhances professional appearance and conduct	How or why does enhancing professional conduct among staff improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Code of Ethics for Youth Work; Youth Action and Policy Association; page 5: http://www.youthcoalition.net/documents/sector%20development/ Code%20of%20Ethics/Youth%20Work%20Code%20of%20Ethics%20(ACT).pdf NAA Code of Ethics; page 4, page 12-13: http://www.naaweb.org/resource/resmgr/naacodeofethicsjan09.pdf
Indicator C. Designs, implements, and evaluates effective professional development	How or why does implementing effective professional development improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Building PD Systems for the After School Field; Afterschool Investments; page 4: http://nccic.acf.hhs.gov/afterschool/pd_systems.pdf Strengthening The After School Workforce; CBASS; http://www.afterschoolsystems.org/content/document/detail/1565/ Core Competencies For Afterschool Educators; Mott; page 3: http://www.afterschoolprofessional.info/images/Mott_CC_web.pdf The Importance of PD for Youth Workers; ChildTrends; page 2: http://www.childtrends.org/Files//Child_Trends-2007_06_15_RB_ProDevel.pdf

COMPETENCY 8: Research, Evaluation, and Quality Programming	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands the definitions, types, and importance of research and evaluation	How or why does understanding and applying research and evaluation improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Measuring the Success of After-School Programs and Systems; CBASS; http://www.afterschoolsystems.org/content/document/detail/1559/ Essential Elements of Quality Afterschool Programs; National Dropout Prevention Center; page 6: www.dropoutprevention.org/pubs/pdfs/Essential Elements of Quality AfterSchool Programs.pdf Data-Driven Decision Making in OST Programs; ChildTrends; page 2: http://www.childtrends.org/Files/Child Trends- 2009 06 23 RB Decision-Support.pdf Process Evaluations – A Guide for OST Practitioners; ChildTrends, page 2: http://www.childtrends.org/Files/Child Trends-2008 01 07 %20ProcessEvaluations.pdf Supporting Success-Why and How to Improve Quality in AS Programs; PPV; page 8: http://www.ppv.org/ppv/publications/assets/227 publication.pdf Research Update 3: Highlights from the OST Database; HFRP, page 3: http://www.hfrp.org/publications- resources/browse-our-publications/research-update-3-highlights-from-the-out-of-school-time-database
Indicator B. Uses research and evaluation to design quality programs and improve participant outcomes		

COMPETENCY 9: Program Management and Administration	Question	Research
Indicator A. Understands the complexities of program administration, and effectively manages organizations and/or programs	How or why does effective administration improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Shared Features of High Performing After-School Programs; Policy Studies; page 1 and page 16-17: http://www.sedl.org/pubs/fam107/fam107.pdf What Works: Components of Exemplary After-School Programs; Safe and Smart; page 1-2: http://www2.ed.gov/pubs/SafeandSmart/chapter2.html Administrative Management Capacity in OST Programs; Wallace; page 7: http://www.wallacefoundation.org/SiteCollectionDocuments/WF/Knowledge%20Center/Attachments/PDF/administrative-management-capacity.pdf
Indicator B. Successfully supervises staff and volunteers	How or why does effective supervision improve programs and benefit children and youth.	How Program Administrators Can Support OST Staff; ChildTrends; page 1: http://www.childtrends.org/Files//Child Trends-2009 06 23 RB FaciliteAdmin.pdf Staffing Practices of High-Quality OST Programs; TASC; pages 17-18: http://www.tascorp.org/content/document/detail/2649/ Training and Supervising After-School Staff; TASC; page 1: http://www.tascorp.org/content/document/detail/1422/ Practices to Keep in After-School and Youth Programs; YDI; page 7: http://www.cflsp.org/pdfs/YDISupervision.pdf
Indicator C. Understands and adheres to standards, regulations, and legal requirements	How or why does adhering to standards and regulations improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Quick Facts on School-Age Care: Trends in Licensing Regulations; http://nccic.acf.hhs.gov/afterschool/licensing_trends.pdf What Works: Components of Exemplary After-School Programs; Safe and Smart: http://www2.ed.gov/pubs/SafeandSmart/chapter2.html
Indicator D. Understands and uses multiple forms of technology	How or why does using technology improve programs and benefit children and youth?	Incorporating Technology into OST Programs; ChildTrends; pages 1-2: http://www.childtrends.org/Files//Child Trends-2010 03 01 RB TechnologyOST.pdf Developing an E-Mentoring Initiative; International Youth Foundation; page 1: http://www.makeaconnectionextranet.org/documents/06-14FieldNotesE-Mentoring.pdf